

**Greetings  
to  
World  
Labor!**

# Socialist Call

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY, U. S. A.

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## Delegates From 12 Countries, 15 U. S. Organizations Flay War Plans at Youth Congress

### Late Flashes!

#### Thomas For Governor

NEW YORK, N. Y.—Norman Thomas will run as a candidate for Governor of New York, James Lipsig, state secretary of the New York Socialist Party, announced August 29.

Other Socialist candidates are:

For Lt. Governor, Prof. George W. Hartmann, N. Y. C.; Comptroller, Coleman B. Cheney, Saratoga Springs; Attorney General, Marion L. Severn, N. Y. C.; U. S. Senator, (long term), Rev. J. Hahn, Buffalo, (short term) Dr. Harry W. Laidler, N. Y. C.; Representative at Large, Edna Mitchell Bine, Schenectady, Brendan Sexton, N. Y. C.

The state convention of the Socialist Party of New York will be held in New York City, October 1, Lipsig announced.

Members of the platform committee are:

Norman Thomas, Dr. Laidler, Leonard Bright, Herbert Zam, Aaron Levenstein, James Lipsig and Frank Trager.

#### Y. P. S. L. Demonstrate

NEW YORK, N. Y.—Over one hundred members of the Young People's Socialist League of New York City demonstrated at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, August 27, against the initiation of the Vinson appropriation (super Navy Bill) and the launching of the 17 million dollar far-cruiser, U. S. S. Helena.

Socialist speakers Will Merinoff, Meyer Drucker, Hy Bookbinder and Isadore Berg denounced the Roosevelt war plans and demanded that all war funds be diverted to social construction.

#### CP Terror In Los Angeles

LOS ANGELES, Calif. (By wire).—Terrorism instigated by Communist goon squads featured the Foster and Browder mass meeting which was held last night (Aug. 28).

Socialists and members of the Y. P. S. L. were assaulted, their arms pinioned and copies of the SOCIALIST CALL, SOCIALIST REVIEW and other literature were stolen from them.

Browder beat the "peace and democracy" drums in his speech and announced that the issue before the American people was "democracy or fascism" while outside his goon squads showed the way.

Presence of Browder, Foster and Stachel in this city at the same time indicates the crisis facing the Communist Party as a result of their disruptive tactics in the general labor movement.

### TO ADDRESS MINERS



MAYNARD C. KRUEGER

Socialist N. E. C. Member who shares the speakers' platform with Maury Maverick, Texas liberal, at a huge Labor Day demonstration called by coal miners at Beald, Ill., Sept. 5th.

### Fraenkel To Speak

JERSEY CITY, N. J.—Osmond K. Fraenkel, labor attorney, active in the Scottsboro case and author of a book on Sacco and Vanzetti, will speak at the Labor Day outing of the Workers Defense League of New Jersey in Goodwill Camp, near Butler, N. J., Morris Milgram, reported August 30.

### Dr. Barnes Joins Real Peace Group

NEW YORK.—Dr. Harry Elmer Barnes has accepted an invitation of the Keep America Out of War Congress to become one of its sponsors, and to speak in behalf of its program.

The noted writer and lecturer discovered the American League for Peace and Democracy was sailing under false colors and really wanted a "Holy War" when he was not allowed to deliver a prepared speech in connection with the League's so-called "Peace Parade" in New York on August 6th, and was also removed as a Grand Marshall.

### Auto Unionists

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—More than 300 delegates representing 40,000 members of the United Automobile Workers of America from Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota, unanimously voted to support the International Union as against the expelled five officers.

The conference sharply criticized John L. Lewis' proposal calling for the reinstatement of the five officers as "interfering with the union's autonomous rights."

### World Youth Congress Highlights

Medina Thomas, Secretary Socialist Youth of Puerto Rico, releasing an open letter to the Dies Commission to investigate fascist activities on the part of Winship administration, calling for the removal of Governor Winship from Puerto Rico, and for the restoration of civil liberties . . .

Mrs. Roosevelt being questioned by delegates from Mexico about Secretary of State Hull's intervention on behalf of American Oil interests . . . Says Mrs. Roosevelt "I'm not the government" . . .

Rienzi delegate from Trinidad Oil Workers, Secretary British West Indies Labor Congress, arguing from one end of platform to the other with a suave young upper class Englishman over his right to introduce a resolution against collective security . . .

Tall, stately delegate from India speaking to an audience already to proclaim the possibility of peace under imperialism . . . "The concept of a world community organized through a League of Nations is incompatible with the present organization of the world into nationalist capitalist states . . ."

The voice of Africa—"We can understand what fascism means to you, but how can you ask us to support a war on behalf of our prison masters. Would you ask that the black sons of Africa be conscripted to fight another war for their imperialist masters?"

The total number of delegates were 500 from 54 countries . . . The delegates from Latin America constituted the largest single group of delegates numbering over 200.

Among both the Chinese and Spanish delegates were young people fresh from the battle-fronts of Loyalist Spain and China . . . The observer from the Socialist Youth International was an Austrian comrade who had lost his nationality after the defeat of the Socialist workers by the Dollfuss regime.

### BUILD THE CALL

AND  
"Win a Deluxe Edition of  
Eugene V. Debs'  
"WALLS AND BARS"

Details on Page 11

### Colonial Problem Stings Pro-War Forces

BY JUDAH DROB

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.—Singing the reactionary "Marsellaise", whose chorus is "To arms, comrades, form your battalions! March, march, till unpure blood Overflows our ditches."

the delegates to the second World Youth Congress, held here at Vassar College, celebrated the singing of the pro-war "Vassar Peace Pact" which was the climax of a week of meeting.

The Pact was an out and out avowal of collective coercive action by the democratic imperialists, against the fascist imperialist powers. It was sprung on the Congress at the last minute, and the moral pressure of the crowd and the ignorance of the contents of the pact were used to make the heads of most of the national delegations sign it.

All during the week there had been a conflict raging at the Congress. It was well known that a large part of the United States delegation as well as many delegates and delegations from other countries were opposed to the policy of support of one group of imperialist powers against another. Chief among the opponents of this pro-war policy were the delegates from the oppressed colonial and semi-colonial countries to whom the fascist dictatorship of the imperialisms of Britain, France and the United States are as brutal as are the dictatorships of Hitler and Mussolini.

#### OPPOSITION

In the commission sessions speeches had been delivered by delegates from India, Bulgaria, Hungary, Puerto Rico, Mexico, African Gold Coast, Nicaragua, Denmark, Norway, Trinidad, Barbados, as well as by delegates from U. S. who insisted that the only basis for peace was a world of justice. They announced that support for collective security meant support for the status quo which oppresses them.

In reply to the impassioned speeches of these delegates the supporters of collective security tried to draw a distinction between good and bad imperialisms. Those who are engaged in the day to day struggle with imperialism were not impressed by this argument. They made it clear that war involving the democratic imperialist nations would be the occasion for the achievement of their freedom.

Thus it was brought home most clearly that support of collective security means the suspension of the colonial struggle for freedom just as much as it means the suspension of the workers struggle for power in the capitalist countries.

#### SHARP CONFLICT

Within the United States delegation there was much conflict on the problem of the fight

against war. The group surrounding the Youth Committee Against War was able to muster 14 out of the total of 60 delegates against the 29 that the collective securities had. It was this very large U. S. minority and the outspoken statements of the delegates from other countries mentioned above that prevented the Congress from taking on the collective security tongue that its initiators intended it should have.

Till the very last day the fight was so intense, and the press was so well aware of the situation that the total impression was one of conflict. In view of the strength of the anti-imperialist bloc the administration decided that there would be no resolutions and no motions passed except those on organization.

#### VICIOUS MANEUVER

Then, out of a clear blue sky, the pro-collective security administration of the Congress sprung the peace pact. It had not been presented to the delegates for their consideration and had been in committee up to the time that it was brought onto the floor. Before it was read, all the heads of delegations were called to the platform. Amid the confusion of arranging them and giving them directions as to where and how to sign, the pact was read. Many were hearing it for the first time, many did not hear it at all.

Despite the fact that many of them had already spoken against collective security, they were all instructed to sign the pact. Amid the cheers of the crowd and under the pressure of the leaders of the Congress there were few who refused to sign. However, the delegates from Bulgaria and Hungary did refuse and several others were not present to answer the call to sign.

#### SOCIALIST SPEAKS

At the conclusion of the procedure Al Hamilton, National Chairman of the Young Peoples Socialist League, issued a statement to the press in which he pointed out the moral coercion used and the fact that there was very much opposition in the Congress to the policies embodied in the Pact. Hamilton was speaking for the minority of the United States delegation which included the delegates of the following organizations: National Council of Methodist Youth; (Continued on Page 2)

# An interview with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru Leader of Indian Masses

By JAMES LOEB

(This story was delayed due to no fault of the writer).

PARIS, July 27 (By Air Mail).—The World Conference for the Restoration of Peace, discussed in these columns last week, took place only three days after the elaborate visit to Paris of the King of England, "Emperor of India and the Kingdom beyond the Seas."

In fact the peace Conference was postponed several days in order not to conflict with the King's visit which had also been postponed because of the King's visit which had also been postponed because of the inexcusable thoughtlessness of George's mother-in-law who chose a most inopportune moment in which to die.

During the three days of the royal visit, all the French leftist papers, Socialist, Communist and Radical, were indistinguishable from the official organ of the French monarchists, the Action Francaise. So elated were French leftists at the generalization of the Anglo-French Entente that they momentarily forgot their role as representatives of the working class.

### INDIAN LEADER

What particularly struck this observer was the failure of the left parties to point out that such an entente, under the leadership of Chamberlain and Daladier, might well have been concluded at the expense of the Spanish Republic and the independence of Czechoslovakia, rather than for the defense of any kind of democracy.

Under these circumstances, the appearance of the Pandit Nehru, leader of millions of Indian natives who have for centuries been the victims of British exploitation, at a conference called to implement a program of collective security, took on a particular significance. As the official leader of the Indian Congress Party, Nehru could well speak for the entire Indian population and he was equal to the difficult task.

It might have been expected that in such a situation Nehru would conform to the general program of the conference and repeat the humanitarian platitudes that had been done to death by dozens of speakers who preceded him. But Nehru is not the sort of person to speak platitudes and he made it clear from the outset that he had come to express his position fully and honestly.

After condemning Fascism and the aggressions of the Fascist nations (he had just come from Spain), the Indian leader reminded the conference that "we in India have long known Fascism under a different guise, imperialism." In response to scattered applause by a surprised audience, Nehru insisted that "empires must go! They have had their day!"

As regards the system of collective security, Nehru saw no other method of maintaining peace in the world, but he did not hesitate to qualify his stand with the remark that "collective security can only come from nations which are free." A free India, he continued, will be a power of strength for peace.

Returning to the subject of aggressor nations, Nehru insisted that "the aggressors of yesterday have also to be called to account." On the principal subject of the Conference's agenda, namely the bombing of open towns, Nehru reminded an increasingly embarrassed audience, which included Lord Cecil and the Duchess of Atholl, that aerial bombing is not a new thing for us.

### BRITISH BOMBINGS

He recalled that some years ago the British Government refused to support a League of Nations proposition to eliminate

all aerial bombings of civilian populations. For years such bombings, Nehru continued, have been a favored method of British imperialism in crushing native uprising against oppression. The original responsibility lies therefore at the feet of the British Empire. In connection with the recommendation of the Conference that a complete economic boycott be applied to all nations engaged in aerial bombings of open towns, Nehru suggested that the British Empire be included in any such boycott.

A sufficient comment on the reception of the Indian leader's speech, delivered in perfect English, is the bare fact that the brief resume given in French contained only Nehru's attacks on Fascism and Fascist aggression and significantly omitted all references to the responsibility of the British Government.

### GRANTED INTERVIEW

In order to obtain further clarification of some of the important remarks contained in the speech, and also to establish a connection between American Socialism and the Indian movement, your correspondent requested an interview with Comrade Nehru, a request that was cordially granted.

This morning, therefore, I had the privilege of asking some leading questions of the leader of one of the most significant movements in the world today.

My first question, as readers of the CALL might well expect, concerned the evident contradiction involved in the participation of the Indian movement in a conference engaged in organizing a collective security in which the British Empire was an important component part. Comrade Nehru's answer, like his speech at the conference, was direct and to the point.

### AIRS VIEWS

He explained that the united, progressive movement in India was naturally concerned with all events of international significance and that it could not, nor did it want to, remain isolated in an interdependent world. The Indian people were deeply moved by the struggles of their brothers in Spain and China, and wished to contribute as fully as possible to the victories of democracy and free government. Consequently, the Indian National Congress had accepted the invitation to participate in the International Peace Campaign, but had demanded the right to express its full program as regards the question of imperialism generally.

That right had been granted by the I.P.C. and the Indian representatives did not hesitate to use it whenever the occasion permitted, in spite of the fact that the expression of an anti-imperialist program was not always welcome to many of the elements of the international movement. Furthermore, the various congresses of the I.P.C. gave India a rare opportunity to put its program before a large and influential audience.

### MOROCCO

As a concrete example of the inherent contradiction between collective security and imperialism I cited the situation in which the Spanish Republican Government found itself, at the beginning of the Fascist uprising, with respect to Spanish Morocco.

In that situation Comrade Nehru felt that the Spanish Government was wrong not to have taken definite and immediate steps in the direction of Moroccan liberation. Thus his own experience with imperialism leads him to differ with most European observers who insist that the liberation of Spanish Morocco would have meant the immediate intervention of the

(Continued on Page 8)

# Report of World Youth Congress

(Continued from Page 1)

League; Disciples of Christ, Department of Young Peoples Work; American Baptist Publication Society; Cooperative League of America; United Automobile Workers of America; Pilgrim Fellowship, Congreg. Church; Youth Committee Against War; Women's International League for Peace and Freedom; Student Peace Service; Fellowship of Reconciliation; Young Peoples Socialist League; Christian Youth Council of North America.

The Congress cemented the relationships among the anti-imperialist youth of the colonial countries and brought them much closer to the anti-war forces in the United States. Close cooperation on an international scale will be the certain outcome.

## Under Capitalism

The United States, seated on less than one-tenth of the earth's surface, and possessing only a fraction of the earth's population produces 13% of the world's wheat, 41% of its steel, 37% of its coal, 42% of its cotton, 59% of its oil—more than 40% of the whole world's wealth.

But! 13% of the people own 90% of this wealth; the remainder—10% of the nation's wealth—is owned by 87% of the people.

This in a nut shell explains why the United States is a land of poverty for its workers, and also partly explains why we have the highest rate of unemployment in comparison with our population.

## Philadelphia SPers Plan "Spanish Week"

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—In answer to the appeal of the N. E. C. of the Socialist Party to raise aid for the Spanish workers, Philadelphia Socialists are arranging a week for Spain to be held Sept. 11 to Sept. 17. The entire week will be marked by intense activity for Spain.

To begin the drive a city-wide tag day will be held on Sunday, Sept. 11. On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of "Spanish Week" street meetings, indoor meetings and local tag days will be held. The street and indoor meetings will stress the Socialist position on Spain.

To culminate the activities, a giant block party will be held on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 15, 16 and 17. The carnival is being arranged by the Strawberry Mansion and Jewish branches of the Socialist Party; the entire Party membership and Y. P. S. L. will be called in to action later.

## HITLER'S "JURISDICTION"

The following is a list of "Germans" whom Hitler claims to "lead" and "protect" as revealed in a pamphlet issued by the "Association for Germanism Abroad," a Nazi financed and controlled organization:

EUROPE	
Danzig . . . . .	348,000
Austria . . . . .	6,300,000
Luxembourg . . . . .	250,000
Liechtenstein . . . . .	10,000
Switzerland . . . . .	2,900,000
France . . . . .	1,634,000
Belgium . . . . .	50,000
Denmark . . . . .	77,000
Baltic States . . . . .	248,000
Poland . . . . .	1,245,000
Russia . . . . .	1,185,000
Czechoslovakia . . . . .	3,790,000
Hungary . . . . .	385,000
Roumania . . . . .	800,000
Jugoslavia . . . . .	740,000
Italy . . . . .	235,000
NON-EUROPEAN STATES	
Argentina . . . . .	200,000
Brazil . . . . .	750,000
Chile . . . . .	720,000
Rem. Latin Am. . . . .	28,000
Africa . . . . .	78,000
Australia . . . . .	100,000
Canada . . . . .	50,000
United States . . . . .	12,000,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>34,123,000</b>

# Hitler Moves for War

"He who is master of Bohemia," said Bismark in 1866, "is master of Europe."

With that as his guiding star, Herr Chancellor Hitler, spokesman for German imperialism, once more threw the world into a frenzied state of jitters this week when he mobilized 1,500,000 troops for the purpose of coercing the tiny Czechoslovak republic.

Immediate cause of the new threat of war in Europe was the Czech minorities' problems, kept at a boiling point by the Henlein Nazis in the Sudeten.

Underlying the impending conflict was the basic struggle over world markets and colonies, which Hitler solely needs to continue his tyrannical rule over the German masses. Hitler needs raw materials. The world's resources already keenly divided amongst Italian, British, French, American, and Japanese imperialism deprives Hitler of gradual or normal imperialist expansion.

### WAR FOR PROFITS

Hitler's avowed ambitions to the east is seriously thwarted by the Czechs. British and French interests are now committed to assist Czechoslovakia in the event of invasion; their policy is motivated not by a love of democracy but primarily by a desire to preserve their favored position in the physical and political affairs of the world.

No imperialist state, whether fascist or democratic, tells its people that they must go to war for profits. Hence Hitler raises the issue of the "right of self-determination" for the German minority in Czechoslovakia.

Likewise, the democratic imperialist powers raise the issue of "defense of democracy."

The general conception that the Sudeten was once a part of Germany is not the case. The Sudeten Germans formed a part of the province of Bohemia in the 12th century and lived in harmony with the Czechs until the persecution of the German minority under the Austrian monarchy for the first time created a racial problem. If anything, Germany took territory which once properly belonged to the Bohemians. During the loose confederation of the Holy Roman Empire, the Saxon kings of the country now known as Germany took territory that belonged to the Moravians and Bohemians.

### HITLER FORGETS

This bit of history Hitler does not like to remember as it weakens his case before gullible forces who fall prey to war propaganda.

What will the Czechoslovakian masses do in case of invasion? They will fight.

And they will fight with enthusiasm, says Willie Wanka, secretary to Jaksch, president of the German Social Democratic Party in Czechoslovakia, who is touring this country and happened to enter your editor's office just as he was writing this story on the deadline of this week's issue of the CALL.

"I know the American Socialists' position very well," Wanka

said, "and I am very sorry that I have to disagree."

### FOR GOVERNMENT

"Czech Social Democrats will support their government wholeheartedly in the event of Hitler's invasion of Czechoslovakia. For us it is a matter of life and death. Our organization, built through years of struggle, will be destroyed if Hitler conquers our country.

"Besides, for we individual Social Democrats, Nazi rule in Czechoslovakia means our death. That has already been promised to us by the Nazi adherents."

"What does the Social Democratic Party propose as a solution to the Sudeten problem?" your editor asked.

### FIGHT PRESSURE

"We are encouraging with all the power at our command the Social Democratic and other working class forces within and without Germany to aid us in ridding Czechoslovakia of Hitler's enormous pressure. Second, we urge the most generous concessions to the Sudeten Germans by the Czechoslovakian government. We believe that we can separate the active Henlein Nazis from the great mass of Sudeten Germans by such a policy.

"Remember, too, that the Sudeten Germans are victims of the most vicious sort of coercion and intimidation from the active Nazis. Terror and oppression are the means whereby the Nazis hold their mass following among the Sudeten Germans. Postpone war and the working class of Czechoslovakia will find ways to bring the Sudeten workers to their side.

"Yes, we believe in collective security. We believe in it because a demonstration of power by the democratic nations of the world will convince Hitler that he is doomed to certain defeat. He would be compelled to iron out his problems through conference instead of war."

### A QUESTION

"Suppose the working class of the democratic nations support their governments in a war against Germany, will that settle any of the basic problems inherent in capitalism and imperialism, which is the fundamental cause of the social conflict between capital and labor?" your editor asked, pointing out the lessons of the last war.

"The end of the last war brought great strength to the working class of Europe. The end of the next war will enable the workers to complete the job which they left incomplete after the last war," was the surprising answer.

The brief interview demonstrated again that the Socialist leaders of Europe, with few exceptions, were again prepared to join their capitalist governments in another slaughter. Along with them this time will be the modern Communists, whose founders so brilliantly proved that by international working class solidarity and by an uncompromising struggle against imperialist wars lies the road to "war to end war" and Socialism.

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**LABOR'S PRISONERS**



**WARREN K. BILLINGS**



**TOM MOONEY**

As workers repose and join in festivities this Labor Day let them remember that for twenty-one years these two labor prisoners have patiently waited for them to act for their liberation from prison. "FREE MOONEY AND BILLINGS" should be a slogan displayed and repeated time and again as labor demonstrates its organized power.

**Detroit Labor Aids Strikers**

DETROIT — Ten weeks old, but still going strong. That's the record of the Kroger strike here. Ten weeks ago, the Kroger Grocery and Baking company, operating 375 stores in Detroit, announced a 10% wage cut. Three unions, the Food Drivers 337 (AFL), Bakers 326 (AFL), and United Bakers and Foodhandlers 136 (CIO), struck in reply.

The Kroger company made a net profit the first 24 weeks of 1938 of \$1,615,153; almost one-quarter of a million more than for the same period last year. Store managers report that wages as low as \$5 per week have been paid for the long week required by store hours.

The unions asked for a \$16 minimum, provision for settling grievances, and signed contracts.

**POLICE HELP SCABS**

When the strike began, Police Commissioner Pickert personally offered the services of the police department to the Kroger company to help them break the strike. Motorcycle officers were taken off traffic duty and detailed to escort scab trucks. Police are reported to have handled cargo, driven strikebreakers in squad cars to beer gardens, and to have used their private cars to carry strikebreakers. Innumerable unwarranted arrests of strikers have taken place.

Sergeant Groark, traffic consultant to the Police Depart-

**Socialists Oppose New Constitution**

NEW YORK.—New York Socialists will fight to defeat the new state constitution in the event it should be presented for consideration as a whole, James Lipsig, state secretary of the Party, announced last week following action by the state executive committee, August 22.

"We believe," said comrade Lipsig, "that whatever is good in the new constitution can either be adopted by the legislation under the old constitution or can be modified in specific amendments which can soon be ratified. On the other hand, the evil in the new constitution, the undemocratic apportionment, the ban on proportional representation, the undesirable transit provision, to cite but a few instances, cannot thus be overcome."

ment, stated to the City Council that almost a third of the traffic force is escorting strike-breaking trucks, causing an increase in traffic accidents.

By hiring many scabs, Kroger has succeeded in reopening stores closed by the strike. However, managers report that business is off 50 to 70% in most stores.

This is one of the first Detroit strikes in which AFL and CIO unions are fighting side by side, and the entire labor movement is backing the strike.

**Labor Day Greetings!**  
**Herman Berman**  
**Abraham Bronfman**  
**BROOKLYN, N. Y.**

**"Collective Security" and the Fight For Colonial Freedom**

BY AL HAMILTON, CHAIRMAN  
Young People's Socialist League

(Speech delivered at the World Youth Congress at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.)

**New Jersey Labor Day Picnic**

JERSEY CITY, N. J. — The defense fund for John Longo, who is serving nine months in jail because of his militant opposition to Mayor Hague, will be the beneficiary of half the proceeds from the annual Labor Day picnic of the Workers Defense League of New Jersey to be held Sunday, September 4.

The picnic will be held at Camp Good Will, Butler, N. J., and is easily reached from New York-Newark area. Train fares are \$1.40 round trip by Erie R. R. from New York or Jersey City; bus fare from Newark Public Service Terminal is 90c round trip.

The camp is located next to Butler High School on New Jersey route 23.

Further information by calling Morris Milgram, Jersey City, Journal Square 2-2967, or Workers Defense League, Algonquin 2-4954, New York City.

**Dramatic Speeches At Newark Sacco, Vanzetti Meeting**

By MORRIS MILGRAM

NEWARK, N. J.—What is believed to be one of the largest Sacco-Vanzetti meetings held in the U. S. this year took place in Newark, where a large crowd gathered at a Workers Defense League meeting on August 23, the eleventh anniversary of the legal murder of these labor martyrs by the State of Massachusetts.

Arthur Garfield Hays, veteran champion of civil rights, who was one of the counsel for Sacco and Vanzetti, recounted the last hours before the execution in 1927, when futile efforts were made to persuade the Massachusetts officials to recognize the incontrovertible evidence of the innocence of the two Italian workers. So effectively was the narrative that Vincenzo Vacire, editor of La Strada, Italian cultural monthly, who had spoken earlier in Italian, burst into tears.

Carlo Tresca, picturesque Italian anti-fascist, editor of Il Martello, discussed the background of the case, giving a clear picture of the usurpation of civil rights during and after the war

Collective security is a slogan supposedly for peace. But I say that it is a slogan of war on behalf of imperialism. I desire to speak especially to the delegates from the colonies, from Latin-America and from Spain.

We Socialists believe that one of the minimum prerequisites for world peace is an end to the colonial system that exploits millions throughout the world. The struggle for freedom for colonial peoples, and for self determination is incompatible with the doctrine often called collective security, or concerted action or more recently at this congress concerted defense.

Why is this so? Collective security if applied means that the workers in imperial Britain, capitalist America, and bourgeois France are asked to support their capitalist empires in another imperialist slaughter. It is these same "democratic" empires that exploit most of the colonial and semi-colonial the working class in Germany, Italy, and Japan. Support for the capitalist

governments of any nation support for colonial exploitation, for it is through this process that capitalism survives.

Collective security is the alignment of one set of capitalist powers against another and possibly more aggressive set of capitalist powers. This means new tension, a hardening alignments, an increase in armaments. For no one today will deny that the democratic nations, are rearming at an alarming rate. The British delegates asks us to prepare for another holy war?

Will they dare to ask the delegates from the British colonial movements represented at this congress to accept conscription, to stop the fight against the empire? For the colonial peoples dominated by Democratic capitalism collective security means the conscription of colonial troops.

Balance of power politics—collective security—will eventually mean war. War for the colonials means the marching of millions of colonial subjects from Africa, from India from the other quarters of the world to fight for the preservation of the system that exploits and suppresses them.

In America supporters of collective security ask us to support Pres. Roosevelt and Sec. Hull. What is their record—not of words but of deeds? The administration uses economic and diplomatic pressure against

that was to "make the world safe for democracy."

Brendan Sexton, National Secretary of the Workers Defense League, discussed the need for a living memorial to Sacco and Vanzetti in the form of an untiring struggle against Hagueism, and support of victims of Hague's frame-ups, such as Longo and Burkitt. Their experience constitutes a smaller Sacco-Vanzetti case, he said.

Alfred W. Mack, chairman of the Essex County Workers Alliance and a member of the W. D. L. state committee, ably chaired the meeting. The rally was co-sponsored by various trade unions, Workers Alliance, and Workmen's Circle units. Proceeds were devoted to the fight against Hague, half going to the defense of John Longo.

**Greetings From**  
**WORKMEN'S CIRCLE**  
**BRANCH 114**  
**SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.**

Mexico because of expropriation of American interests; Sec. Hull calls for "non interference in the affairs of other nations. The administration has kept the embargo on goods for Loyalist Spain; Pres. Roosevelt speaks about democracy. Puerto Rico calls for civil liberties, but the administration stands behind Gov. Winship.

Much has been said here about the failure of the League of Nations. But there has been the assumption that it is possible to make capitalist governments behave in a manner not in their own interests. If the League had failed and everyone here knows it has, it is because capitalism and fascism both do not mean peace.

Freedom for the colonies is possible: freedom for the industrial working class is possible. But the road is one of struggle against the forces of capitalism that deny freedom. World capitalism expressing itself through nationalist states must be overthrown by a united struggle between the workers in these states and the colonial peoples held in slavery by them.

From the Archives of American Labor History . . .

**WAR MONGERS' HOLIDAYS**

NEW YORK, N. Y., Nov. 18, 1917—Dry goods store on upper east side wrecked by mob because proprietor was alleged not to have paid proper respect to Italian flag.

WYNNEWOOD, Okla., April 4, 1918—Claud Watson, a farmer, tarred and feathered by 50 drafted men waiting to entrain. Negro hired to lash his back.

CLAYTON, N. J., Dec. 17, 1917—Albert M. Canter, school teacher, driven from town by mob of citizens for alleged disloyal remarks.

JEROME, Ariz., July 10, 1917—Seventy miners loaded into cattle cars and sent into California desert by gunmen of the United Verde Copper Co.

ELKINS, W. Va., Jan. 28, 1918—L. H. Keenan, Socialist lawyer, tarred and feathered for alleged disloyalty.

BUTTE, Mont., Aug. 1, 1917—Frank Little, member executive board I. W. W., hanged by masked mob until dead.

CHRISTOPHER, Ill., March 3, 1918—Rev. John Kovalsky and two others tarred and feathered for alleged disloyalty.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 5, 1918—Piggott Printing Co. (printer of Industrial Worker and Seattle Call) plant wrecked by mob of sailors.

BENTON, Ill., March 25, 1918—Mrs. Frances Bergen, a Bohemian, ridden on a rail by a mob of Loyalty Leaguers for alleged pro-Germanism.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 6, 1918—Joseph M. Coldwell, state organizer of the Socialist Party, sentenced to three years for alleged seditious statements in a speech.

DULUTH, Minn., March 25, 1918—Gust Lundin, Socialist, tarred, feathered and driven out of town.

HARTFORD, Ark., March 28, 1918—Six alleged pro-Germans who were later proved to be loyal agents of the Department of Justice, beaten, forced to kiss

the flag and thrown into jail.

SIoux FALLS, S. D., April 5, 1918—Office of ex-U. S. Senator R. F. Pettigew painted yellow by a mob.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 11, 1918—Eugene Victor Dabs, Socialist candidate for president of the United States, sentenced to ten years' imprisonment for alleged seditious remarks in a speech at Canton, Ohio.

MEDFORD, Ore., April 13, 1918—George Maynard, member International Bible Students' Association, iron cross painted on body, driven from town. Rev. E. P. Tallaferra driven out.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 1, 1918—Rosa Pastor Stokes, Socialist, sentenced to ten years for writing a signed communication to the Kansas City Star about a speech delivered by her on the government and profiteering.

**War Will Bring Fascism!**

**KEEP AMERICA OUT OF WAR!**



# HAGUEISM Menaces the American Labor Movement

By GUS TYLER

As one crosses the majestic George Washington bridge into New Jersey, he is greeted by two flags: the star-spangled banner to the right, and the flag of New Jersey to the left.

The figures of two rather stolidly built women grace the latter banner. One of these holds a cornucopia of plenty in her arms; the other holds a staff surmounted by a cap, a red cap. The first of these two women is Ceres, the Goddess of Agriculture is the motto of the state, explaining the presence of the stolid ladies. It reads: "Liberty and Prosperity."

The other woman, who, they say, now blushes with shame from her lofty spot at the gateway to New Jersey, is—Liberty. And the red cap she holds aloft is the symbol of libertarian revolution.

Inscribed on a scroll, immediately below these two figures, is the motto of the state, explaining the presence of the stolid ladies. It reads: "Liberty and Prosperity."

Lately, they say, the flag languishes; perhaps it is because of the breezeless, hot summer days, or perhaps because—Frank Hague rules New Jersey. For under Frankie Hague the State of New Jersey has been turned into a house of prostitution for Ceres and Liberty.

"Peace, Plenty and Freedom!" These are the guiding lines of Socialism. New Jersey inscribes two of these on its banner: Plenty and Freedom. It speaks not of "Peace." It speaks not of "peace" because the flag of New Jersey was designed in 1776, the year of the Declaration of Independence, the year when the people of New Jersey went to "war" for their ideals.

The banner of '76 is quite appropriate today, for "liberty and prosperity" will only be won in a long war, a political war, against the machine that now grips the people of New Jersey.

Hudson County is the dynamo of that machine; it is the ball-wick of Mayor Frank Hague, the boss of the state. His governor, Harry Moore, sits in Trenton! His senator, John Milton, sits in Washington. His judges sit in the courts. His henchmen sit in "safe" thronelets in dozens of cities and towns. And they all, collectively, sit on the people.

Jerseyites have come to look upon Hague as diseased ones come to view a grief which is constantly with them. They almost lose sight of its presence, for the pain has become part of them. Only when the disease passes through some crucial stage do they realize its dangers.

## Norman Thomas

The running sore of Hagueism passed through one such crucial stage on May First, the day when the working people of the world wave the red cap of liberty. On that day the press of America announced that Norman Thomas, Socialist leader and untiring champion of civil liberties, had been kidnapped and deported from Jersey City, because—he tried to speak.

May First, 1938, was to become an historic date. The fight against Hagueism was on. The callous disregard for all human rights implicit in Hague's action shocked the world, and also the people of New Jersey. The even more callous disregard for democracy explicitly stated by Hague in his megalomaniac pronouncements "I am the law" gave the people of the state the hint that here was a new Hitler. The fight was on!

Who would join the fight?

In a letter addressed to the President of the United States, both in his official capacity as the chief executive and in his other costume as leader of the Democratic Party, Norman Thomas made three requests:

- First, stop the flow of Washington patronage to the Hague machine;
- Second, have the Federal Bureau of Investigation probe into the Jersey kidnapping;
- Third, oust Hague from his position as a vice-chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

Any one of these actions by the president would have shaken the Hague machine at its base. All three would have toppled it. But no one of these actions has as yet (three months later) been taken.

What can be expected from FDR?

## Socialist Party Acts

If he acts against Hague, he must act against Kraschel of Iowa, Davey of Ohio, Tom Pendergast of Missouri, Ed Crump of Tennessee, Claude Pepper and his lynching crowd in Florida, dozens of Democratic Party bosses in mill, mine and steel towns where liberty perishes in a heap of poverty. To clean the Democratic Party is a task greater than that of cleaning the Augean stables, for this is one time that the filth can organize to drive out Hercules.

For a full month, action from Washington was awaited; a lead from the liberals in Washington was awaited. Nothing happened. FDR worried about "liberalism" in the South and "democracy" in China. A resolve upon the part of the liberal block in Congress to invade Jersey City was reversed. A meeting of Congressman Jerry O'Connell never took place, thanks to the political confusion of the Communist Party and the plain bungling of the International Labor Defense.

The nearest thing to real action was the legal suit against Hague pursued by the American Civil Liberties Union through their lawyer, Morris Ernst. Ernst argued the law, and Hague made propaganda. He was against all "isms" but definitely refused to commit himself on Hitlerism. He was still "the law." And he proposed to send the reds to "al-al-Alaska." (He wanted to say Alcatraz, the famed prison, but did not know how to pronounce it.)

This legal suit was important, more in exposing Hague than in moving masses into action against him. The judge, one of "the best" in the state, set a date six months ahead for his decision (time enough to cool off) and prefaced his decision with the comment that he was making it just for test purposes anyhow, advising the other side to appeal. In short, a decision which is no decision.

The very important job of getting the MASSES into the fight was lagging; in fact, the O'Connell fiasco at Pershing Field was positively discouraging; workers came in groups to protect the meeting. And as one told me: "No leadership, no speaker, no meeting."

The militant aspect of the fight had to be revived. The Socialist Party got into action.

(Continued Next Week)

# WDL Checks Fink Outfit

NEW YORK, N. Y. — As a result of action by the Workers Defense League, the C. I. O., A. F. of L., and other organizations, the notorious Railway Audit & Inspection Co., fink strike-breaking and labor spy organization, has not been permitted to operate in New York State since July 18 and may be eventually forced out of business.

A hearing before the director of the State Division of Licenses called for Monday, August 22, was postponed to September 28 after Louis Nussbaum, License Division investigator, had read his department's allegations of anti-labor activities against the company and the company's counsel had asked a month's adjournment. Organizations protesting renewal of R. A. & I.'s license to operate as a private detective agency to the adjournment after Abraham Wechsler, director of the Division of Licenses, informed them that the company had not been permitted to operate since their license expired on July 18 and that they would not be permitted to do so until the hearings had been concluded, if at all.

## CHARGES

Mr. Nussbaum's allegations, which included those of the Workers Defense League, were as follows:

That officers and employees of the agency confined their activities to the curtailment and abridgement of labor's right to organize and bargain collectively.

That they interfered with and prevented picketing by labor organizations.

That they conducted a system of labor espionage.

That they furnished arms, munitions, tear gas implements, and other weapons to employers and their agents.

That they furnished for hire armed mercenaries in anticipation of or during the course of a strike.

That they furnished professional strikebreakers and slugs who had criminal records and whose activities as strikebreakers constituted willful disregard of human and property rights.

When the hearings are resumed, the Workers Defense League will produce as a witness a former employee of Railway Audit & Inspection who will testify as to his own activities under the direction of the company as a labor spy. This witness' testimony will supplement and substantiate the already voluminous evidence against the concern contained in proceedings of the LaFollette Committee and the National Labor Relations Board.

## FRATERNAL GREETINGS

FROM THE  
**JEWISH BRANCH  
No. 3  
Local New York**

**FORWARD  
TO SOCIALISM!**

**JUGOSLAV BRANCH  
No. 27  
CLEVELAND, OHIO**

# THE WAGE - HOUR BILL

BY FRANK NEWTON

By common consent the most important single "reform" achievement of the 3rd session of the departed 75th Congress was the passage of the Wage-Hour Bill, known as the Fair Labor Standards Act.

The C. I. O. predicts the Act "will curb sweatshops, give aid to unions, and evidences the growing political strength of the C. I. O. led by Chairman John L. Lewis." The A. F. of L. is less jubilant; the Building Trades Department has apparently returned to the Gompers philosophy of "no support for wage and hour legislation." Both the A. F. of L. and the C. I. O. have welcomed the appointment of the New York Industrial Commissioner, Elmer F. Andrews, as Administrator of the Act—if only because they almost got a full-fledged business representative.

The Act was finally passed only after numerous concessions were made. It had been introduced in May, 1937 (Black-Cornery, 40 hour week, 40c per hour, no differentials); pigeon-holed by the House Rules Committee until the Special Session in December, 1937; recommitted then to the House Labor Committee; held up during the 1938 session again by the Rules Committee; finally showed through on May 24, 1938, only after Roosevelt demonstrated his "primary pressure politics" in the success of Senator Pepper of Florida.

## What Does the Act Provide?

The following is a brief summary of the Fair Labor Standards Act:

**WAGES**—25c hourly during first year, 30c hourly during second year, 40c after seventh year; chief administrator, on recommendation from industry board, given power to raise wages as high as 40c hourly for specific industries prior to expiration of the seven-year period.

**HOURS**—Limited to 44 weekly maximum during first year, 42 during second year; 40 weekly thereafter, unless extra time is paid for at 1½ times regular pay.

**ADMINISTRATION**—By new Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor; its Chief Administrator to be appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate.

**INDUSTRY COMMITTEES**—To be appointed by chief administrator, with representatives of employers, labor and public, for each industry; will recom-

mend minimum wage rate for each industry.

**CHILD LABOR**—Bars sale or shipments of goods on which "oppressive child labor" has been employed.

**ENFORCEMENT**—Administrator, through Department of Justice, may seek injunctions forbidding state violations from Federal District Courts; Federal Circuit Court of Appeals given power to review findings of the administrator.

**PENALTIES**—Double the amount of unpaid wages, plus court costs for failure to pay minimum wages. Fine of \$10,000 possible for first-time "willful violator"; maximum six-month term for second time offender.

**EXEMPTIONS**—Exempted from the provisions of the act are employees administrative, professional, executive or local retail work, employees in a retail establishment the bulk of whose trade is not in interstate commerce; employees in the fishing industry and packing, marketing and processing of seafood products; farm workers; agricultural cannery workers or workers engaged in making cheese or butter.

(Next week Frank Newton will discuss what the Fair Labor Standards Act seeks to accomplish.)

**Greetings to the CALL  
FOR A UNITED LABOR FRONT  
KRINKER BR. 389  
WORKMEN'S CIRCLE  
BROOKLYN, N. Y.**

**LABOR DAY GREETINGS  
C. E. ROBEL  
LEWISTON, IDAHO**

**FOR A UNITED  
LABOR FRONT!  
22 A. D. KINGS  
Local New York**

## A CHOWDERHEAD FINK



**SAM "CHOWDERHEAD" HARRIS**

Notorious fink, ex-convict and professional slugger employed by the bosses in various parts of the United States to provoke violence in labor struggles. The Workers Defense League, militant organization for workers rights, checked one strikebreaking outfit by challenging its rights to a license in New York state. Organized labor has the immediate duty of throwing its active support in this case.

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## Story of a Stooze

J. B. Mathews was a pacifist and a Christian gentleman. His idealism led him to socialism and under those auspices he became a tireless worker in the struggle for social justice. But he grew tired of socialism with its democratic principles: it was a long road, often cumbersome and strewn with heartbreaking obstacles. He joined the Communist machine. Here was a greener pasture: with one-sixth of the world to grease the wheels, the road was easier to travel—here was a movement that had flash and color. So he believed.

Rank and file workers got their first good look at Mathews in his new role at the Tom Mooney Congress in Chicago in 1933 where he made his debut as the Communist machine's ace stooze. It was the first of many movements which he was to front for the Communists. His first assignment at faking for the Communist machine was a first class fraud perpetrated at Mooney's expense, of course. Mooney later denounced the Communist leaders of that congress. Honest delegates who had battled right wing elements in their unions to attend the congress were double-crossed as the right wingers had predicted, but this was not to faze stoozes and, above all, Communists.

Mathews, as he himself reported to the Dies Committee, became the front for more Communist stooze organizations than any person in America save a former Chicago professor. He served his dictatorial masters of Moscow and 13th Street with zeal and unquestioned loyalty. Then came his bitter disillusionment. In one short step he became a first class strikebreaker, a Democratic politician and last week, an informer, whose degradation resembles so closely a fascist that the difference is hardly discernible.

And why not? If one believes that cheating, lying, stealing, character-assassination and other vices which spring from capitalist immorality are justified in the labor movement, then why not go the whole hog? If one defends the murder of his political adversaries, why not strikebreaking when it's convenient? If deluding the masses of workers with false phrases and hypocritical platitudes are justified, if honesty, plain speaking and decency in human relations are "bourgeois prejudices," then why not sink a little or a lot when the occasion serves an end?

So much for the pitiful Mr. Mathews. If it pleases the Communist Party it has ample facilities to take up that phase of the Dies testimony point by point and answer it, if it can. Mr. Mathews is their baby.

## Labor Awakens

Slowly, all too slowly, but definitively, the masses of organized labor in the United States are awakening to their basic duty with regards to Spain. Cause of ecstasy in your editor's office these days is the noticeable trend in trade union papers in playing up the Loyalist cause.

One newspaper which came to our desk this week, "The Coal Digger," official organ of the thriving United Mine Workers of Illinois, carried a two-column head as a lead to a story which appealed for aid for Loyalist Spain. "The Coal Digger" reprinted a letter from one of its boys from Zeigler, Ill., who is now fighting on the Loyalist front.

Pro-Loyalist editors who edit trade union organs know that it takes a lot of courage to crusade for the Loyalist cause. Main reason for this state of affairs is pressure, especially from the Catholic hierarchy, which either pleads for "neutrality" or clandestinely or openly works for the fascist cause.

This pressure, which is effective especially in unions where there is a heavy foreign-born membership, did not work in the case of one local—Local No. 1 of the Progressive Miners of America—which has donated hundreds of dollars to help the Loyalist cause. When a motion to contribute to Spain came up before Local No. 1 it was overwhelmingly carried after an avowed Catholic, chairman of the meeting, said something to the effect that unionism is worldwide and it is American labor's duty to aid the industrial unionists of Spain who are at war with Franco, Mussolini, Hitler and other mercenary forces.

As organized workers march this Labor Day, let them demonstrate their solidarity to the anti-fascist cause, an issue which transcends immediate political differences within the family of labor.

We greet our contemporary, "The Coal Digger," for its courageous effort. We greet the miners of Gillespie, Ill., and their fellow workers from various parts of the coal fields who are willing to lay down their lives in Spain so that we the living may continue the work of building for a labor world.

**Greetings From  
BRANCH CENTRAL  
SOCIALIST PARTY  
LOS ANGELES**  
Meets Every Monday  
ROOM 212  
517 S. Spring  
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

**Labor Day's Greetings!**  
BRANCH 209  
WORKMEN'S CIRCLE  
PHILADELPHIA, PA.  
FRATERNAL GREETINGS  
THE SOCIALIST  
PARTY OF TEXAS

## Dictatorship Vs.

### Democracy

CAMBRIDGE, MASS. — Lillian Symes' criticisms of Communism and Bolshevism are needed and effective. It seems to me that the strongest point to emphasize in our criticism of the various Communist groups is their acceptance of and insistence on the idea of a one party dictatorship of the proletariat. All shades of Communists, whether Trotskyites or Stalinites, accept in theory, and practice when they can, a one party dictatorship of the proletariat. While the Communists today outside of Russia are giving hypocritical lip service to democracy, they maintain unimpaired their one party proletarian dictatorship in Russia and by the most vicious and inhuman methods.

We have been wise in declaring for workers' democracy as distinguished from the dictatorship of the proletariat. For those who most vociferously proclaim their adherence to the dictatorship of the proletariat mean by it in theory and acted when they had a chance in practice along the lines of a one party dictatorship.

### DEVISIVE FORCE

Belief in a one party dictatorship is a devisive force in the labor movement today. Every other section of the labor movement will inevitably be suspicious of those who either uphold such a belief like the Trotskyites, or, like the Communists, practice a one party dictatorship where they have the chance, though trying to repudiate it in countries and among groups where it is unpopular.

A one party proletarian dictatorship is almost certain to develop into terrorism when the party which holds such a belief obtains power. For difference of opinion becomes treason in any one party dictatorship with the result that genuine revolutionists are driven to conspiratorial methods since there is no legal and peaceful way to express their differences of opinion with those in control of the dictating party.

Furthermore, the one who sits at the center or control of the party organization is almost certain to develop enormous personal power, and its under terrific temptation to establish Napoleonic rule. Stalin's case is obviously in point.

### LENIN

Lenin likewise was in equally effective personal control, though being susceptible to personal ambition and more completely acknowledged by his associates as the party's boss, he had no occasion to resort to the terroristic methods among members of his own party to which Stalin has descended to maintain his rule.

But it is only a matter of degree and not of kind between Lenin's ruthless extermination of active members of other working class parties, and Stalin's ruthless extermination of members of other sections than his own within the Communist Party. Lenin and those who uphold the one party proletarian dictatorship have sowed the seeds which have flowered into Stalin's ruthless personal rule and terroristic methods towards all who dare to disagree with him.

It is the repudiation of one party proletarian dictatorship and adherence to workers' democracy instead which marks off genuine Socialists from Communists of various descriptions.  
—ALFRED BAKER LEWIS.

### Likes the CALL

LONG BEACH, Calif. — I am enclosing one dollar for the renewal of my subscription to the CALL. It is still the best paper to read.  
—Lloyd Graham.



ALFRED BAKER LEWIS

## Open Letter to Coleman

YELLOW SPRINGS, Ohio. — Your article on the TVA investigation in last week's CALL, while doubtless well-meant, nevertheless reflects a serious ignorance of the basic issues involved. You are not to be blamed for this, in view of the efficient publicity machine controlled by the administration.

At the present time, for instance, the AP, UP and Scripps-Howard releases all come through a single Knoxville paper which happens to be consistently pro-Lillenthal.

When the investigation is over, and I can speak freely, I will be glad, if desired, to write a series of short articles on the TVA developments from a Socialist viewpoint, taking up the desperately vital issue of the dividing line between Socialism and fascism.

—Ernest Morgan.

## Maryland Socialists Begin Campaign

BALTIMORE, Md. — The Socialist Party of Maryland has filed its state-wide ticket for the coming election, and will begin its campaign with a mass ratification meeting which will be addressed by Norman Thomas in addition to the candidates. Heading the ticket is David W. Eyman, of Havre de Grace, candidate for Governor. Elisabeth Gilman is candidate for U. S. Senate; William Elder, candidate for Comptroller; Henry Smith, candidate for Clerk of Court of Appeals.

The mass meeting will be held Friday night, September 23, at the Odd Fellows Hall, Saratoga and Cathedral streets in Baltimore and will be preceded by a dinner.

The C. P. has also filed for three offices, but will withdraw its candidate for U. S. Senate should Rep. David Lewis defeat Senator Tydings, marked as a "purgee" by Roosevelt, in the Democratic primary.

Some Communists are entered in the Democratic and Republican primaries as "rank and file" candidates, while others are entering as "independents."

The Socialist Party, however, will carry on a straightforward, uncompromising campaign for PEACE, JOBS, SOCIALISM!

## Greetings to the "CALL"

The Only Working-Class Paper on a Workers' Holiday

8 A. D. BRONX BRANCH  
Local New York

## A Request

ROCKPORT, Ind. — Enclosed you will find one dollar for the CALL. I consider the CALL an excellent Socialist paper. Would you devote a small block in the paper to statistics relevant to the philosophy of Socialism?  
—O. J. H.

EDITOR'S NOTE—Beginning next month the CALL will carry a series of articles on "Why I am a Socialist" written by twenty-five officers and rank and file members of the Socialist Party. John M. Work is also due after Labor Day with a series dealing with Socialist fundamentals.

## Ettor and Giovannitti

Dear Editor: In last week's issue of the CALL, page 6, your article "Yellow Communism" starts as follows: "Pages of history glow with the glorious fights Giovannitti," etc. What's the matter with Ettor? My recollection of that episode in the struggle of the workers against exploitation always coupled the two names together—Ettor and Giovannitti.

As a matter of fact I took Ettor's place as chairman of the strike committee after these two valiant fighters were arrested. I always couple the two names together whenever I think of the days of 1912. And if you don't get this same complaint from Joe Coldwell, I miss my guess.  
William Yates, Fin. Sec'y,  
Local New Bedford,  
N. Dartmouth, Mass.

EDITOR'S NOTE—When the editor wrote the piece in question he had in mind Giovannitti's

moving speech to the jury in W. Salem, Mass., Nov. 23, 1913, which tried him on charges which grew out of the historic Lawrence strike. That speech, read while Debs was in prison in 1919, left a lasting impression in the editor's mind. He made allusions to it only to contrast what is red and what is yellow; by yellow, of course, meaning Red, White and Blue Browder. The omission of Ettor was not done consciously. The CALL publishes this note and Comrade Yates' letter to prove that any hint to the contrary is erroneous.

## A Song

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—The following poem can be set to the music of "On the Road to Mandalay." The first stanza is used as the verse and the second as the chorus:

**"ON THE ROAD TO UNITY"**  
Every new-born day brings problems

To the masses who are so poor.  
Every sunset ends with sorrow  
While the rich ones they conjure.  
If patience is a virtue,  
Then the people bide their time,  
And await that one sweet moment

When they'll meet and all combine,  
When they'll meet and all combine.

On the road to end the old.  
On the road to start anew.  
With a mighty force behind them  
They'll have many things to do.  
First, they'll dominate those leeches

Who made them sweat and bleed.  
Then they'll prove to all the world

That UNITY is one great creed.  
Eddie Bender.

Labor Day Greetings  
from  
BRANCH 242  
WORKMEN'S CIRCLE  
WACO, TEXAS

FOR A UNITED  
WORKING CLASS!  
WORKMEN'S CIRCLE  
BRANCH 315  
BROOKLYN, N. Y.



**AT THE FRONT**  
with Norman Thomas

**Hull Vs. Mexico**

Given the prevailing capitalist standards, Secretary Hull's sharp note to Mexico is on the face of it reasonable. All that he asks is that Mexico make immediate arrangements for paying for American owned farm lands which she has taken, and that any disputed questions be submitted to arbitration according to treaty. But to judge the full effect of the note and its possible danger we must go beneath the surface.

It is commonly believed that in the matter of these farm lands Mr. Hull is really setting a precedent to apply to the expropriated British and American oil holdings. In these cases the oil companies had taken out of Mexico immense fortunes before they were expropriated because they could not or would not come to terms with labor. There is a fascist menace in Mexico, and I have heard advocates of collective security advance that menace as a reason for our uniting with Britain against Hitler.

In point of this fact the United States and Great Britain increase that fascist menace by the difficulties they put in the way of the Cardenas government, and by the boycott they have established against the sale of Mexican oil, except to fascist nations. It would be very easy to handle this Mexican situation in an outwardly self-righteous manner so as to make Mexico another Spain. Against this all decent public opinion in America should be aroused.

**Youth Congress**

The World Youth Congress, at Vassar, has come and gone without any profound immediate effect upon public opinion. It probably did genuine good in increasing friendship and understanding among the youth of the world, including the able representatives of the colonial peoples. Communist influence was considerable, but it was not dominant. Collective security influence, which is by no means wholly Communist, was dominant but its opponents, including our own Socialist representative, made an excellent case and got a good hearing.

**Dies' Brothers**

The NEW REPUBLIC is probably right in thinking that this Dies investigation will be just another in a long line of red-baiting investigations including the Fish and Dickstein inquiries. This Dickstein, by the way, is the same man who has been endorsed for Congress by the A. L. P. with Communist approval! The Dies Committee is less concerned about the facts of Communist and fascist propaganda than it is about smearing the C. I. O. and progressive legislation. To Socialists the most interesting fact about J. B. Matthews' testimony is that he tacitly admits that he was acting as a Communist stooge while still nominally a member of our Party.

**The Zack Case**

There are charges against the Communists which don't worry the Dies Committee but which ought to worry believers in Civil Liberty and fair play. I refer specifically now to Joseph Zack's definite charge that Communists have been cooperating with the United States Government to bring about his deportation in order to punish him because he left the Communist Party.

CALL readers will remember that Zack asked the Government to help him get his wife and family out of Russia where the Soviet Government held them. In-

stead Zack himself was charged with illegal entry to the United States on the ground that when he returned here in 1930 he stated falsely that he had been born here. He offered much testimony that he was born here and he alleges Communist pressure on his witnesses to change their testimony. This is the sort of thing which arouses suspicion and resentment of Communist tactics.

**To Debate Hathaway**

On Wednesday, August 31, over W. E. V. D. owned by the Jewish Daily Forward, I am to debate the subject of the A. L. P. coalition with old parties against the Communist, Clarence Hathaway. He will support the coalition policy, to which our Social Democratic friends, who left us, because we were too friendly with the Communists, also, of necessity, give a more or less reluctant support. For Socialists, especially those who remember what the Communists used to say, comment is superfluous.

**"White Supremacy"**

In their fight against Roosevelt, Southern Democrats like Senator George and Smith are reviving the most vicious sort of white supremacy and Civil War propaganda. For that reason alone their defeat will mark the growth of tolerance and decency in the South. Unquestionably there is a new and better South that has been coming to maturity. Jonathan Daniels' very interesting book, *A Southerner Discovers the South* (Macmillan) is of itself proof of that fact.

The forces that must make the real new South, however, to a greater degree than even the liberal Mr. Daniels recognizes, must be the forces of workers, white and colored, in factory and on plantation. Governor Johnson of South Carolina who professes to champion the President's liberalism against Cotton Ed Smith, has a very bad record himself for the misuse of his authority, among other occasions during the textile strike of 1934.

**Secret Communist**

Socialists and other friends of the Southern Tenant Farmers' Union should be informed that President Butler of the Union, on the basis of documentary evidence, is bringing charges that Claude Williams, the head of Commonwealth College, has been secretly a member of the Communist Party and is cooperating with the Communists in Commonwealth College to "capture" the S. T. F. U. President Butler does not complain that Williams is a Communist—that he has a right to be. But no one has a right to deny that he is a Communist or accepts the Communist line, and to claim to be operating with a union administration, while in reality he is conspiring with Communists for the capture of power in that union.

Such a report as the National Emergency Committee has just issued on the South is an invaluable document and, by sound inference, a damning indictment of capitalism. Such reports do credit to the Roosevelt administration. The figures on cotton tenantry—are average of \$73 annually per person for a year's work—are appalling. They remind me of the way the administration tried at an earlier period to deny some of my charges, and play down the need for the Southern Tenant Farmers Union.

**Roosevelt Blesses Hague Choice For U. S. Senate; Workers Back Socialist**

By MARTIN BERNSTEIN

NEWARK, N. J. — Political issues in New Jersey became increasingly clear this week as President Roosevelt gave his blessings of approval to Frankie Hague's choice for the Democratic senatorial candidate. The elimination of Senator Milton Hague appointee, from the field is considered as a strategic move by the Hague machine.

Milton is well known as "Frankie Hague's No. 1 Stooge" and Democratic brain trusters of New Jersey were aware of the adverse publicity connected with the Hague label. The official reasons for the withdrawal of Milton were given by the new state chairman of the democratic party, Attorney Gen. David T. Wilenz, as being because "of advice given him by his physician."

**ELY HAGUE MAN**

The Hague choice for the Senatorial race next November is William H. J. Ely, New Jersey W. P. A. Administrator. Any one following political developments in this state knows that Hague and his ruthless machine dominate not only the Democratic Party, and half of the Republican Party in New Jersey, but also has complete rule over the Works Progress Administration, which as a federal patronage agency has some ninety thousand jobs at its disposal, among them many with fat salaries.

The Socialist Party has repeatedly charged that Hague's political powers is wielded through his federal patronage, which naturally comes directly from President Roosevelt. Suffice it to say that the appointment of the state W. P. A. administrator is at Hague's disposal. Hague must first approve the high officials and then F. D. R. nods an official "yes."

**HAGUE ADMINISTRATOR**

With the announcement of Ely's candidacy for Senator, came his resignation as administrator of W. P. A. Immediately following his resignation, another Hague man, Robert W. Allan of Rutherford was appointed by Federal W. P. A. Administrator Hopkins, to take charge of W. P. A. in New Jersey. One must bear in mind that Allan has been a close personal friend and political associate of Ely. Until his appointment Allan had been deputy state W. P. A. administrator.

**ELY'S BACKGROUND**

No one has any doubts as to Ely's sponsors and backers, and Ely himself announced that he "expected the old cry of Hagueism would be raised by the op-

position, but it won't disturb me." He also said that he is '100% for Roosevelt.' Significant words. The entire campaign is to be based around support of Roosevelt's program. Ely however, failed to say that he is also 100% for Frank Hague. You correspondent made a trip to one of the local newspaper offices, and if quotations in newspapers don't lie, the Democratic Senatorial choice has been a Hague man for a number of years.

**FOR HAGUE IN 1931**

Before becoming prominent in democratic party political circles, Ely held minor political offices in Rutherford, his birthplace. In 1931 he decided to step out into the world, and ran for state senator in Bergen county. He was elected with the aid of the Hague machine.

We find that in a speech on August 26, 1931, William J. Ely, democratic candidate for state senator, said that "The only issue the Republicans seem to be able to raise this year is Hagueism, well I ask what is the matter with Hague. A few years ago the Republicans caused \$300,000 to be spent to investigate his work as Mayor of Jersey City. What did they find? They found that Jersey City is free from all vice and corruption. The police budget is a little high there, but who wouldn't cheerfully pay for a clean city."

(It's interesting to note, that Hague simply refused to give the above mentioned committee any information they desired, and politely told them to go to h—, M. B.)

Thus we find the Democratic senatorial candidate speaking of the honorable Mr. Hague way back in 1931.

**CHARGE DISCRIMINATION**

By the time this goes to press it will be only two weeks since Mr. Ely's resignation as WPA administrator. However, the tremendous tasks before him as a Hague candidate might blur his memory of the ways and treatment accorded to tens of thousands of W. P. A. workers. Its only fair that we call to his attention some important facts disclosed this week by the Worker's Alliance, which were put before Federal W. P. A. administrator Hopkins. One must realize that a state administrator of W. P. A. is the force behind important decisions affecting W. P. A. workers. According to Alfred Mack, militant chairman of the Workers Alliance of Essex County, it appears that Mr. Ely didn't care very much for organized W.

P. A. workers. He cared still less for the Worker's Alliance organizers.

Charts used to "educate" W. P. A. foremen urged the "transfer of agitators," "recommend removal from W. P. A." etc. These clauses were embodied under the heading "What foremen can do to avoid trouble." Evidently Ely felt that by ordering the dismissals of Workers Alliance organizers he was carrying out the orders of boss Hague, who doesn't like to see workers organize. Mr. Mack also points out that as W. P. A. administrator Ely refused to see Workers Alliance grievance committees, always managing to dodge appointments through some flimsy excuse.

**BACKED BY ROOSEVELT**

No doubt Ely will exploit the fact that Roosevelt is behind him, and it is expected that Jersey City's "half-pint Hitler" and his corrupt machine will try to keep in the background. Although the President did not officially announce himself as being behind Ely, the appointment of the Democratic Party's, meaning Hague's choice, Robert W. Allen, as the new W. P. A. administrator for New Jersey, is considered as a complete endorsement, and those in the political know, say that President Roosevelt will show his 100% endorsement of the Hague man, by making two speeches in New Jersey in behalf of Ely.

**SOCIALIST STAND**

Jack Palangio, Socialist candidate for U. S. Senator, who is to oppose the Hague front, called upon Ely to repudiate the recent actions of Hague. In a letter to Ely, Palangio said that "Major Hague of Hudson County, is still looked upon as the actual leader of your party in this state. Your announcement as a candidate for the position of U. S. Senator followed too closely upon the withdrawal of John Milton from that candidacy to avoid the suspicion that the entire matter was arranged. My own feeling is that Milton is not running because he is too closely identified with Hague. But in light of the fact that the same group of men who were grooming Hague are reported in the press as having put you forward, the citizenry of New Jersey is entitled to know where you stand on the matter of Hagueism." The Socialist campaign and expose of Hague and his corrupt machine is meeting with success, and numerous street meetings are being attended by large numbers of workers.

**FRATERNAL GREETINGS**

L. R. and Lula S. Halvorsen  
EVANSVILLE, IND.

**Greetings!**

A. GAMBONI  
CHICAGO, ILL.

**GREETINGS TO "THE SOCIALIST CALL"**

from Helen and Frank Trager

**Labor Day Greetings**

—from— LOCAL TWIN CITIES SOCIALIST PARTY  
Minneapolis, Minn.

**GREETINGS!**

DOUGLAS B. ANDERSON  
Chicago, Ill.

**Fraternal Greetings**

from BEACON BRANCH 1041 YOUNG CIRCLE LEAGUE  
30 Walnut Park, Roxbury, Mass.  
J. BERNSTEIN, Sec'y

**DRESSMAKERS'**

**BRANCH**

**SOCIALIST PARTY LOCAL NEW YORK**

MEYER BAILOWITZ, Organizer  
SYLVIA KAPLAN, Secretary

## An interview with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru Leader of Indian Masses

(Continued from Page 2)

French General Staff, as well as of the British Government.

Throughout the conversation Nehru stressed the point that the Indian National Congress reserved the right of independent action in all cases.

### FOR FREEDOM

The Indian people, he said, rest their hopes for freedom on their own strength. This remark was brought forth by my question concerning the attitude of the Indian movement in the event of an "anti-fascist" war led by the British Empire. The answer was definite: "We reserve the right of independent decision and independent action."

The same answer was offered in response to my query concerning the relationship between the Indian National Congress and the British Labour Party. Comrade Nehru recalled that previous Labor Governments in England have been no less imperialistic than Conservative or Liberal Governments. Consequently, the Indian National Congress, while maintaining friendly relations with the Labour Party and especially with certain individuals in that organization, did not in any way base its policy on the possibility of a future Labour Government in England.

### INDIA'S AIMS

Turning to a discussion of the composition and aims of the National Congress, Comrade Nehru outlined the situation roughly as follows: The only immediate program upon which the entire organization is united is one of anti-imperialism and national independence. There is in the Party a small but influential group of socialists who see more deeply than the immediate problem and whose purpose it is to educate for socialism.

Comrade Nehru, as leader of the entire movement, is not an official member of the socialist group, but is very obviously a socialist himself and a strong partisan of all socialist agitation.

### BOURGEOIS

There is also, in the National Congress, a small group of capitalist conservatives whose cooperation is welcomed only on

the fundamental basis of anti-imperialism. Finally, there is the great mass of peasant and working population, estimated by Nehru as eighty percent of the entire movement, which has no conscious or clearly-defined program other than that of a general action for freedom, economic as well as national and political.

Comrade Nehru made it clear that this great mass is very militant and definitely "left" (the word is his), in the sense that it invariably votes for resolutions proposed by the Socialists. However, it has no concrete idea of what socialism means, nor does it fully realize the implications of the revolutionary struggle for Socialism.

### INDIAN COMMUNIST

At this point in our conversation, Comrade Nehru had to leave for another appointment and suggested that I continue the discussion with a young Indian friend who was fully informed of the situation. The younger man, who lives permanently in London, stoutly maintained that he was a loyal member of the British Labour Party, but it was immediately apparent that to all intents and purposes he was a Communist Party member.

He explained that the Communist Party was officially illegal in India but that in certain provinces governed by the National Congress it was granted what amounted to legal status. He seemed more interested in the "extreme sectarianism" of the American Socialist Party and in the Soviet Union than in Indian problems. In fact it was he who asked me most of the questions during the course of our conversation.

### MOSCOW TRIALS

One of his first questions concerned the position of American Socialists on the Moscow Trials. His only comment on my very "unsatisfactory" answer was that "they should have been shot long before."

After hearing Comrade Nehru speak at the I.P.C. Conference and later, with La Pasionaria and others, at what amounted to a Communist meeting, after speaking with him at length and then with his friends, your cor-

# Thurber Cites Socialist's Record In Mooney Case

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—"Lillian Symes Clements, Socialist candidate for United States Senator of California, has been identified as an advocate of the freedom of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings since the first public appeals were made in this famous labor case," declared John Newton Thurber, Socialist campaign manager at San Francisco headquarters of the Socialist Party, 1057 Steiner street, last week. "She still demands a full and unconditional pardon for these martyrs of labor."

"The statement which is made in 'Tom Mooney's Message to Organized Labor, His Friends and Supporters in California, recently published by the Mooney Molders Defense Committee, in which Sheridan Downey, a Democrat, is said to be 'The only candidate for the Senate who has declared himself on the Mooney case' is quite inaccurate. Candidate Clements was a partisan of Mooney and Billings long before Sheridan Downey or any of the other now friends listed in this publication had put in their appearance. She was campaigning for their freedom as a Socialist before the end of the world war!" Thurber said.

### Dreyfus Case.

"A glance at the record will show that Lillian Symes Clements was the author of an article 'The American Dreyfuss Case,' which was published in Harper's Magazine in 1931. This article showed the framed-up nature of the convictions of Mooney and Billings and fully expressed the views of Lillian Symes in no uncertain terms. Her article at that time received national publicity, for it was one

respondent was left with the very definite impression that the Communists are making strenuous efforts to "capture" the recognized leader of a tremendous mass movement, having failed to build a strong Indian movement of their own.

However, I am convinced that Comrade Nehru is essentially too serious a man, too independent and too profound, to allow himself or his organization to be swallowed up in the course of the Indian struggle for independence and for freedom.

of the first instances of an article favorable to Mooney and Billings appearing in such an organ as Harper's Magazine," Mr. Thurber stated.

"In fact," Mr. Thurber added, "the Harpers article was so favorably received that it was reprinted in pamphlet and widely distributed by both the Mooney Defense Committee and by a specially formed committee of fifty nationally known ministers as an

adequate presentation of the Mooney and Billings case."

Socialism stands for cooperative industry in which all shall work together in harmony as the basis of a new social order, a higher civilization, a real republic.

The machinery of production and distribution for all the people. This is Socialism.

## N. J. SOCIALISTS CALL FOR UNITED LABOR CAMPAIGN

NEWARK, N. J.—An offer to withdraw John Palangio, Socialist and labor leader, as the Socialist Party's candidate for U. S. Senator was made this week to Labor's Non-Partisan League of New Jersey by Gus Tyler, state organizer of the Party, who urged the nomination of an independent candidate to oppose both Ely and Barbour, the Democratic and Republican candidates.

In an open letter to Carl Holderman, chairman of Labor's Non Partisan League of New Jersey, Tyler said:

"Ely is pinch-hitting for Milton; he is at bat for the Hague team. Ely did not offer his nomination as an independent Democrat in opposition to Hague. He waited for signals. And when the 'machine' found Milton 'unavailable' it ran Ely. To urge labor to vote for Ely is equal to urging it to vote for Hague.

"Barbour is a conservative Republican, with a New Deal veneer which dates back to the time when the whole nation was ready to back almost any kind of Washington action to save the capitalist system from complete collapse. Behind Barbour stands—the Public Service Corp., and the machine of Harold Hoffman, whose attitude toward the CIO and whose endorsement of Hague's dictatorial actions in Hudson County are matters of public record.

"Hague or Hoffman mean the same for labor.

"The value of a heavy protest vote in this state would not only lay the basis for future and greater independent labor campaigns, but would also compel whatever liberal forces there are in the old parties to clean house. If there is no protest vote the reactionary elements of both parties would be strengthened."

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OF THE

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MINNIE SAGER, Financial Secretary

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# LABOR DAY GREETINGS

## JOINT BOARD DRESS & WAIST MAKERS' UNION

AND ITS AFFILIATED LOCALS

JULIUS HOCHMAN, General Manager

BEN EVRY, President

PHILLIP KAPP, Secretary-Treasurer

NEW YORK



# Working Class Philosophy

## Bread Vs. Gold

By Joseph M. Coldwell

Things are not going so well in Sunny Italy, according to reports coming to this country. Despite the government sponsored propaganda meetings to get recruits to fight for God and against the "reds" in Spain, there is much resentment against sending more youth of Italy to fight Franco's battles. Despite the nearness of Spain to Italy, many of the dead Italian soldiers are being buried on Spanish soil and Italian parents have no way of telling if their boys who went to Spain are dead or alive.

Another cause for discontent has been the quality of the flour. As Italy does not raise sufficient wheat to supply home consumption the Fascist Government ordered that all wheat flour be adulterated with a certain percentage of other grains. Evidently the adulterated flour did not make as good bread or macaroni as whole wheat flour. So the government has been obliged to change the official standard for wheat flour. The real trouble is that Mussolini does not want to spend Italian gold for foodstuffs from other countries, as the financial condition of Italy is not as sound as it should be. But according to my information the Duce will have to buy much foreign wheat in order to keep peace at home. The cry for bread has led to the downfall of many dictators and Mussolini knows his history.

### NOT FOR WAR

One of the reasons that there are not more autos in Italy is the high price of gasoline, or "benzina" as they call it. Gasoline costs seventy cents a gallon in Fascist Italy. Since Italy has no natural oil resources the Government must buy its oil from foreign sources, and here is where the Standard Oil Company comes in. Now just hold your seats, don't get excited, don't start waving the flag; for I am going to mention the Panay incident. You may recall that the U. S. Gunboat Panay was sunk in Chinese waters while convoying Standard Oil Company ships. "WE" came near going to war over that incident. Well, here's where I start waving the flag, but not for war. The Standard Oil Company sells oil and gasoline all over the world, to nations at peace and to nations at war. The Standard Oil Company is an American owned company, and much of its oil comes from American sources. Now one would naturally think that with the unemployment situation what it is in America, and the owners of the Standard Oil Company being loyal and patriotic Americans, we would expect them to do all that they could to give employment to American workmen. Besides, the owners of Standard Oil Company believe in the American form of government, and not fascism.

### MY COUNTRY!

Now while you were singing "My country, tis of thee" and the "Star Spangled Banner," and the workers in our steel mills and shipyards were idle, and the unemployed in America were crying for work and bread; the Fascist government owned shipyards were busy building ships for the Standard Oil Company.

Italy has built four motor tank ships for the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, and two for the Socony Petroleum Company of New York, and several ships for a concern in the Philippines; presumably another American company. The Italian Fascist shipyards have orders on hand to keep the yards busy for the coming two years. Even British firms are having ships built in Italy, despite the unemployment situation in England. Now the reason for this is not lack of patriotism for capitalism

knows no patriotism. Patriotism is not for the ruling class, it is for the subject class. How much patriotism did the Kaiser have for Germany? How much patriotism do our American capitalists show when they renounce their American citizenship? How much patriotism did the Hapsburgs have for Austria and Hungary?

### GOLD THE GOD

History is replete with incidents where the ruling class saved themselves at the expense of the peoples of various countries. The reason our ruling class gives employment to the workers of other countries is not lack of patriotism, BUT LOVE OF PROFITS.

The Standard Oil Company sells oil to Italy which is used mostly for military and naval purposes. Italy does not want to pay in gold. The Standard Oil Company needs ships, so Italy pays in ships instead of gold. The only time the employing class will give employment to the working class is when they see that it is profitable for them. The millions the owners of the Standard Oil Company, and all other capitalists have, came from exploitation. Gold is their god, and rent, interest, and profit is their unholy trinity.

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ANTONIO CRIVELLO, Mgr.

# Communists In Unions

## In "The Kenosha Labor"

Organ of the Kenosha Trades and Labor Council

The activities of Communists in the labor movement is a matter for the union members themselves, not the government, to deal with.

A by-product of the Dies investigating committee—if not the real purpose behind it—will likely be an effort by reactionaries in the next session of congress to establish government regulation of unions. We do not believe that John P. Frey desires such a result, but this may be the effect of his testimony before the Dies committee.

Frey does desire to injure the CIO. Because of the bitter opposition of Frey and a few of his colleagues to industrial unionism, the AFL muffed the opportunity to organize the mass production workers which the CIO has enrolled with notable success. Frey helped produce the split in the labor movement. He has helped block unity, and it appears that he is ready to try to discredit the CIO by creating the impression that it is controlled by the Communist Party.

### Largely Correct

Nonetheless, what is true in Frey's statements cannot be brushed aside because of his motives. Though wrong in a few cases (John Brophy, Powers Haggood, Walter Reuther), Frey is undoubtedly correct concerning most of the persons he identified as Communists.

Most well informed persons who know them have long considered them Communists on the basis of their actions. Whether or not they carry membership cards in the Communist party is much less important than that they take directions from the Communist party in their trade union work.

This fact—that as union officers or organizers they are primarily responsible not to the union membership but to a political party—is the nub of the Communist problem in the labor movement. This point seems to have been missed by Frey, and without it what he had to say is little more than red-baiting.

Reactionaries condemn Communists on the basis of their beliefs. Progressive unionists condemn them for their practices.

### A Real Danger

We believe that the Communist party represents a real danger to the independence of the trade union movement, and that its efforts to capture control of unions should be strongly resisted by all workers, regardless of their political views. But we believe that the workers should understand clearly why it is necessary to fight the Communist party.

Where Communists have been able to entrench themselves in the governing posts of a union they have robbed it of its independence. They have made the interests of the union membership secondary to the aims of the Communist party. That these aims may sometimes be worthy ones, and that they may temporarily coincide with the aims of labor as a whole, do not justify the control of a union by an outside political group.

Once in control of a union it is the common practice of Communists to wipe out all effective opposition, even if this means falsely blackening the character of their opponents. A Communist-controlled union may preserve the forms of democracy, but the practice of democracy is lost. Organized cheering and organized booing are employed by the well-disciplined members of the Communist faction to exaggerate their own strength and to intimidate opponents.

### Boo Squads

We know of unions where a signal from the Communist floor leader (perhaps a finger drawn across his throat) is the occasion for an outburst of booing which will prevent a speaker from being heard. Or a nod will bring tumult of applause. In themselves, these are small things, but where practiced regularly they may become the means by which Communists convert the union into a puppet organization of their party bosses.

No group of professional disrupters could be more reckless than have been the agents of the Communist party in branding those whom they could not control as wreckers, red-baiters, company men, and stoolpigeons.

These practices invariably endanger the existence of the union in which they are used. Sooner or later non-Communists will rebel, and will fight back. In desperation they themselves may employ methods that also endanger the union. This seems to have been the case in the United Automobile Workers. Many times Communist tactics have driven progressive union men into the arms of reaction. Progressive ideas are fought merely because the Communists may support them.

We believe that the Communist machine with-

in the CIO menaces the future of this great movement. Intrigues of two rival Communist factions—the Stalins and Lovestoneites—have helped create a situation where a wide open split looms in a union of 375,000 members, most of whom are wholly unconcerned about the 10-year-old Stalin-Lovestone quarrel.

### Sailors Union

The Sailors' Union of the Pacific, which quit the AFL and once voted to join the CIO, has returned to the AFL to escape the Communist party machine of Harry Bridges on the west coast. The San Francisco office workers left the CIO in favor of the AFL for the same reason. CIO maritime workers on the Atlantic coast, who in a new election have just ousted several Communist officials, have used violence against each other in quarrels provoked by the Communist problem.

The harm which Communists do in the labor movement comes not from any intention to damage the cause of labor but from the methods they use. Their conduct is governed by the view that the end justifies the means, but in actuality the means they employ damage their goal.

The ideal of a classless society in which no man can exploit the labor of other men for his own wealth and power—an ideal which Communists share with Socialists and many non-political people influenced by religious or ethical reasons—is one of the noblest in the history of the human race.

### Regimentation

It would be foolish to deny that Communists have often been helpful in winning material benefits for workers. Many of the measures advocated by them can be supported by any progressive minded person. Indeed, since the Communists have scrapped their own revolutionary program to support the mild reform measures of the new deal many workers have found them too conservative.

But whatever their good qualities, they do not justify the attempt to regiment the labor movement under the leadership of a political party.

A trade union is a voluntary association of workers in a given craft or industry, formed by them for their own protection. Within the fairly broad restriction of state and federal law, it is a sovereign organization—that is responsible only to its members. And it is a basic law of sovereignty that no organization and no nation can endure if it has two authorities within it. Sooner or later one authority must be supreme.

### C. P. Holding Co.

The Communist party sets up a dual authority and attempts to establish its supremacy. Members of the party who may be union officers are held primarily responsible to the party, even though they usually conceal their Communist allegiance from their fellow-unionists. They must work together as a unit under an ironclad discipline, and in case of a difference of opinion within the party they must obey the dictates of their bosses in the party central committee—which as in the Soviet Union means a few men on top.

The Communist party seeks to operate as a huge holding company controlling all organizations of labor, the farmers, and the progressive middle class. The holding company, as those familiar with the present financial structure of capitalism know, is the device by which the ruling groups of American capital govern great industrial empires with a relatively small investment on their own part.

### Communist Factions

The Stalin faction of the Communists is not alone guilty of trying to capture the governing posts of their organizations for its own ends. The Trotsky and Lovestone factions, schooled in the same philosophy, have also tried it. At various times some Socialists, too, have tried it, though in all fairness, it should be stated that their party has condemned these methods.

In self-protection the trade union movement is wholly justified in applying severe penalties against those members who seek to deliver unions into the hands of outside groups. This does not mean opposition to political groups as such. Some union members—in time probably a majority—will believe that the present profit system must be replaced with a socialist economy, and it is natural that they should band into an organization to convince their fellow workers.

This is their right in a democracy. But a trade union is within its right in insisting that the affairs of the union shall be the union's property one, just as no union is justified in meddling in the internal affairs of a political party.

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**Advice to Louis Adamic**

It is a little late to review Louis Adamic's *My America*, published several months ago, but in view of the subject matter it should not go unnoticed by a Socialist publication. It contains all the faults and virtues of Adamic's other books (save for *Natives Return*), only on a more gigantic scale. The publishers should have blue-pencilled a third of it. Into it, Adamic has thrown practically everything he has ever written that is not already in book form.

Adamic is unquestionably one of the most gifted and honest of the literary radicals, or labor journalists, writing today. The fact that he has failed to develop a consistent social philosophy or point of view, his occasional mystical enthusiasms, his general theoretical confusion, do not constitute a serious indictment of him in these bewildering times. Better honest confusion than the lickspittle acceptance of a "Party Line" which characterizes most of the literary fellow-travelers.

Adamic at his best, can write rings around the lot of them. But far more serious is the fact that he has never developed the capacity for clear thinking and observation. He continues, as in his first labor book, *Dynamite*, to believe whatever he is told and to interpret the labor movement in terms of his emotional reactions to people and events. The result has been that, in spite of his proletarian and peasant background he remains a literary dilettante in the labor movement.

Adamic's unreliability as an observer or a historian springs from his naivete, not from conscious distortion. If someone he likes tells him an "inside story," he is ready to chronicle it immediately as gospel truth. On the other hand, if he dislikes some individual, or organization—say, an AFL union—there is nothing too scandalous for him to believe and write about it. This trait was best illustrated in his *Nation* articles in 1935-36, now included in his new book. His blurb about Harry Bridges may make him blush now.

In *My America* (that note is getting a little monotonous since Earl Browder discovered the Founding Fathers) Socialists will be particularly interested in Adamic's reconstruction of the Socialist-labor scene in the West at the time of the McNamara

affair and the story of the trial itself. Adamic touched lightly on the subject in *Dynamite*, and the mystery of where he got his information on the subject is now solved. *My America* covers it in great detail and most of these details are highly colored.

The author got the whole story—and evidently his subsequent slant on the labor and Socialist movements—from Edward Adams Cantrell, a neo-Populist Socialist lecturer, who was tossed out of the party many years ago. Cantrell evidently made an enormous impression upon Adamic when the latter met him in Los Angeles at a critical period in his own development—and Adamic identifies Cantrell with the best of the American radical tradition. (Many Socialists who knew him will wonder why.)

Adamic publicizes Cantrell's personal version of the western labor movement and the McNamara fiasco to a generation which has almost forgotten the latter. The author has a right to accept this story in toto if he pleases, but when he publicizes the intimation that Debs, Hillquit and other nationally known Socialists had some foreknowledge of those disastrous events and even approved them, he is perpetuating nonsense.

I am willing to accept Cantrell's estimate of Job Harriman, the Socialist-labor attorney who ran for mayor of Los Angeles and who evidently did know what was going on. Harriman was a devious and contradictory personality who succeeded in fooling his closest friends, many of whom still swear by him. But to intimate that Debs and other Socialist leaders were hypocritical in their reaction to the whole affair, because they had defended the McNamaras during the trial, is childish.

*Dynamite* was a popular labor weapon during those days of bitter and unintelligent conflict, but no leading Socialist (as opposed to some of the "philosophical" anarchists) was fool enough to believe that the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times would result in the unionization of Los Angeles. Instead, it wrecked the labor movement there for the next twenty years.

If Adamic is to develop his unquestioned gifts as a labor journalist he should become a little less credulous in the presence of his friends—or stick to Jugoslavia.

the *Economic Theory of Socialism* by Oskar Lange and Fred M. Taylor. Dr. Lange is a member of the Polish Socialist Party and is now teaching at the University of Chicago. I have heard him speak on Left Wing Socialism and if the Chicago comrades don't arrange a series of meetings for him they are missing an opportunity.

—LILLIAN SYMES.

GREETINGS OF  
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**Labor Day Greetings**  
**BRANCH 611**  
**WORKMEN'S CIRCLE**  
**Bronx, N. Y.**

**12,000 Miners  
Join Canadian  
Labor Party**

TRURO, N. S., Canada. — Delegates representing 12,000 members of the United Mine Workers of America in their regular convention voted to affiliate with the Cooperative Commonwealth Federation for political action.

Representatives of the miners, with a sprinkling of fraternal delegates from Nova Scotia labor unions, adopted a resolution to form a party executive which will be composed of members from the union's sub-districts in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. To finance the new move, a levy of one cent a month will be placed on each member of the U. M. W. A.

Sibly Barrett, U. M. W. international board member, declared: "We have come to the conclusion that we have to set up a party controlled by the common people. The time is ripe that we should do something. We have reached the point where part of the people cannot live because of adherence to the old-line parties.

He urged that "we make a political machine in Nova Scotia that will compete with machines of the old line parties." He called the Commonwealth Federation a "national party with a national program, big enough to take in every view."

"The emancipation of the working class shall be accomplished only by the working class itself."—Karl Marx.

GREETINGS FROM  
**SOCIALIST PARTY**  
4-14 A. D. KINGS  
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Labor Day Greetings!  
**WORKMEN'S CIRCLE**  
BRANCH 210  
NEW YORK CITY

FOR A POWERFUL  
LABOR MOVEMENT  
OOOOO  
BRANCH 361  
WORKMEN'S CIRCLE  
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

**LABOR DAY GREETINGS!**  
**Y. P. S. L.—CIRCLE 2-8, SR. BRONX**  
ROBERT BLOOM, Organizer

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**6 A. D. BRONX, N. Y.**

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**WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE  
UNDER THE SOCIALIST BANNER!**

FOR A MILITANT LABOR MOVEMENT!  
**CLOAK OPERATORS 21, BR. NO. 401**  
**WORKMEN'S CIRCLE**  
NEW YORK

**LABOR DAY GREETINGS**

• **Racine Local** •  
**SOCIALIST PARTY**  
RACINE, WIS.

**LABOR DAY  
GREETINGS**

—FROM—

**LOCAL NEW YORK  
SOCIALIST PARTY**

11 West 17th Street

New York City

**JACK ALTMAN, Chairman**  
**IRVING BARSHOP, Acting Executive Chairman**

**ACTION COMMITTEE:**

**ROBERT DELSON**  
**SAM FRIEDMAN**  
**MURRAY GROSS**  
**JAMES LIPSIG**

**ARAON LEVENSTEIN**  
**BRENDAN SEXTON**  
**HARRY WYNN**  
**HERBERT ZAM**

**Some Other Books**

It would be out of place for me to pass judgment on Angelica Balabanoff's recently published memoirs—"My Life as a Rebel"—in view of the fact that I am credited with a hand in the preparation of the manuscript, although I might be more critical of it than some of the "capitalist" reviewers. I hope my fellow-columnists, Mac Coleman or Norman Thomas, will discuss the book at some length.

I will be content myself with calling attention to the fact that it is out—unfortunately selling at \$3.75, but you can put in a demand for it at your lending or public library. The sections dealing with the early years of the Communist International make it an invaluable contribution to the literature of Socialist evaluation at this time and every Yipsey library in particular should have it.

Another book which I should like to discuss, as soon as I can get my hands on a copy, is On

# Call Building

## Build the CALL!

### SUBSCRIPTION BOX SCORE

	Received During 11th Week of Drive	Total Rec'd Thus Far
"Recovery" Subs .....	0	17
"Recession" Subs .....	61	749
"Depression" Subs .....	74	7,043
New Bundle Orders.....	100	555
	<b>235</b>	<b>2,364</b>

Here's news! The BUILD THE CALL DRIVE will be extended! Originally scheduled to be brought to a conclusion on Labor Day, it has been decided to carry on with the drive in the hopes that with summer about to make way for fall, comrades will be returning home from vacations and sojourns, locals and branches will begin to cast aside the yoke of the customary seasonal lull, and all-in-all a united front will be established in rallying united support to the CALL!

Numerous comrades throughout the country have requested that the drive be continued. We are happy to do so as we feel confident that, what with the success we experienced during the regular summer slack period, we will reach our objective of 10,000 new CALL readers within a relatively short time.

#### SPECIAL PRIZE

In addition to continuing our drive, we have decided that each month we shall reward the comrade of CALL Booster securing the most CALL subscriptions. The prize for turning in the largest number of subs will be a copy of the deluxe edition of Eugene V. Debs' celebrated "Walls and Bars." Formerly selling for \$5.00, this leather-bound superb book is one which should be included in your library. Thus, it will behoove all to make every effort to come through with flying colors so as to receive free of charge, and without obligation this truly fine and worth-while volume.

The contest is hereby officially launched and this month's winner will be announced in the October 8th issue of the CALL. Here's wishing you all the best of luck in obtaining your copy

of the deluxe edition of Eugene V. Debs' "Walls and Bars!" CALL circulation was increased by 235 during the past week. Of this total there were 61 "Recession" subs, 74 "Depression" subscriptions, and new Bundle Orders tallied an even 100. There were no "Recovery" subs.

#### CONTEST REPORT

In the race between Illinois and Michigan, the comrades from Illinois secured, during the 11th week of the BUILD CALL DRIVE, 7 "Recession" and 13 "Depression" subs. Michigan on the other hand turned in nary a sub.

The comrades from Michigan are either taking time out in this spirited dash for top honors, or are working a little strategy—perhaps they plan to accumulate a host of subs and then let loose with a stragglering deluge during the closing weeks of the drive. At any rate, whatever your plans are, comrades, you'd-better watch out for Illinois lest it become impossible for you to overtake them. The official count on this race is as follows:

	Ill.	Mich.
"Recession" Subs .....	57	27
"Depression" Subs.....	107	83

In conclusion, may I again urge those of you who haven't as yet contributed to our recent coin-card appeal to do so at once. As stated in last week's issue, we are in dire need of funds and since the CALL is your paper—it must have your support.

Please send us your contribution without further delay!

# Newark Mobsters Acquitted

NEWARK, N. J. — Following closely on the heels of the Grand Jury whitewash of the thugs involved in the Thomas meeting of June 4, Judge Carl J. Duvenick this week meted out some minor fines to two of the gangsters involved, and found three Socialist Party sympathizers present at the meeting guilty of disorderly conduct, giving them suspended sentences.

Nat Arno, notorious local strong arm thug, who was released on bail two months ago, on charges presented by Clara Handleman, S. P. secretary, and Joseph Scia, one of the egg throwers, who pleaded non-vult, were each fined \$25.00. Arno maintained that he used a bunch of flags for "defense," and Scia's lawyers, in pleading for him before sentence was given, said that "Scia was cooperating with the authorities" meaning that Scia turned state witness by testifying that he did not see the police beat up Ralph Giacobbe, former Socialist Party member, who blind on one eye, was mercilessly beaten by Newark police, as Scia set next to him in the police car.

#### UNION MAN

Giacobbe, who is a member of the Executive Board of the Bloomfield local No. 422, of the United Electrical, and Radio Workers of America, was defended in court by his Union Attorney, Samuel Rothbard.

The others, who with Giacobbe were found guilty and given suspended sentence, are Eugene Rutzler, of Kearny, and Steve Kolovitz of Newark. The former was taking notes, cops badge numbers, etc., as the gangster let loose with eggs and vegetables, and the latter, dared to ask an officer to arrest an egg thrower. They were both defended by the Workers Defense League.

#### W. D. L. TO APPEAL

Morris Milgram, state secretary of the Workers Defense League of New Jersey, said that the WDL will appeal the convictions of the three party sympathizers, being their actions on the facts that the decisions are contrary to the evidence, and also the point that Judge Duvenick of the First Criminal Court, is a son-in-law of Deputy Chief Sebold, who was in charge of the police in the park.

It was under his guidance that a path was cleared for the thugs to march in with the band. The odds are still with the Hague thugs, Milgram charged, because out of five convictions two were thugs, and three were Socialist Party sympathizers, who were framed. "The judge," he said, "acted in a prejudiced fashion."

GREETINGS FROM  
**S. S. WHITE**  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

GREETINGS FROM  
**MILLIE GOLDBERG**  
LOS ANGELES

Revolutionary Greetings!  
UPPER WEST BRANCH  
LOCAL NEW YORK  
SOCIALIST PARTY

LABOR DAY GREETINGS  
Unity of Class-Conscious Labor  
Against Imperialist War!  
**L. Victor Farnsworth**  
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SPORTS—DRAMATICS—SINGING—CLASSES IN YIDDISH  
Discussions, Arts and Crafts Under Carefully Selected Leadership  
COLONY FOR YOUTH 15-18 YEARS OF AGE  
Fortnightly Rates \$36.00  
ADULT ACCOMMODATIONS—Tents, \$18; Cabins, \$30  
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# LABOR DAY GREETINGS

## ZAMO SHCHER

PROGRESSIVE BRANCH 375

MORRIS SCHIFF, Secretary

BROOKLYN, N. Y.

# SOCIALIST GREETINGS

TO A

SOCIALIST NEWSPAPER

"SOCIALISM IN OUR TIME"

YOUNG PEOPLE'S SOCIALIST LEAGUE

810 LOCUST ST.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

# LABOR DAY GREETINGS

# National Executive Board

Workman's Sick and Death  
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714 Seneca Avenue Brooklyn, N. Y.

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WHEN in BROWNVILLE Meet Your Friends at

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The Only VEGETARIAN DAIRY CAFETERIA on Pitkin Ave.

## News from Washington

BY OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT

### The Witch Hunt

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The "evidence" presented at the public hearing held by the Dies Committee, now temporarily adjourned, has confirmed the original impression that the main purpose of the Committee is to tack the CIO with the Communist label.

This was brought out more clearly when Labor's Non-Partisan League last week exposed Edward F. Sullivan, star investigator for the Dies group, as a former labor spy employed by the Railway Audit and Inspection Bureau, a leading espionage outfit. In reply to this charge, Dies declared that he was at a loss to understand why the Non-Partisan League had not devoted its time "to the important question raised by testimony before our committee that the CIO had on its payroll many organizers who were Communists".

The activity on the staff of the Dies Committee of several persons connected with anti-labor outfits has caused investigators of the LaFollette Civil Liberties Committee to be present at the hearings of the Dies group. This fact is very irksome to the members of the latter committee.

The "Un-American Committee", as it has come to be called, began its hearings just as the LaFollette Committee adjourned, in an obvious attempt to offset the effect of the testimony heard before the La Follette body. However, the Dies outfit, although tremendously ballyhooed by the press, has been unable to obtain anywhere near as large an audience as did the Civil Liberties committee.

Despite the fact that the Dies Committee offered an air cooled hearing chamber as a refuge from the sweltering Washington heat, and presented a comedy attraction as funny in spots as some of the bills featured by local movie houses, the public appeared to be unappreciative and stayed away in droves. At no time was the room, which has a seating capacity of several hundred, more than a fifth full. The LaFollette hearings were almost always packed to the doors.

What audience there was at the Dies spectacle consisted largely of liberals and radicals of assorted shades who watched with amazement the almost unbelievable ignorance and bigotry displayed by the inquisitors and some of their star witnesses. The lowest point in this spectacle was reached when a female member of the cast of "Sing for Your Supper", a federal theatre presentation, complained that there was "hobnobbin" among white and Negro actors.

#### NEGRO INCIDENT

A Negro actor telephoned her for a date, she told the committee, and when she reported the incident to her superiors, they made light of it. This testimony was offered as evidence of un-American activities in the Theatre Project!

Supposedly set up for the purpose of recommending legislation to Congress next January 3, the committee has already amply demonstrated that its main purpose is to slander the CIO and prominent New Deal officials.

#### FREY

Shortly after the committee hearing opened, John P. Frey, aged metal trades leader and AFL spokesman, presented to the committee a list of 284 alleged CIO officials who were supposed to be Communists. The list was checked by Len de Caux, CIO publicity director, who found that many names were repeated in different capacities; that many of those named are known members of the Democratic or Republican Parties; that many are not and never were connected in any way with the CIO; and that some of those named are

AFL officials, as for instance Paul Peterson, president of the Utah State Federation of Labor, and ardent opponent of the CIO!

At least one member of the Socialist Party was named as a Communist when Frey attacked Powers Haggood, former member of the Socialist N. E. C., as "a combination of a radical, possibly a Communist and everything else that likes to make trouble in the labor world".

A significant commentary on Frey's list is the fact that it includes the same misspellings and other inaccuracies that appeared in a similar list published in the Chicago Tribune, anti-labor daily, early in 1937. One of those listed has been dead for several months!

#### AFL DESPERATE

The aspects of the hearings discussed above are more comic than serious. No one with the slightest particle of intelligence takes them seriously, and so far as the labor movement or the CIO is concerned, it is not thought that any harm will result. This phase of the investigation merely demonstrates again the extent to which the AFL bureaucracy and its discredited representative Frey will go to in a dig at the CIO.

A more serious phase was that concerning the American volunteers in Spain. Two former members of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade testified before the committee that 1700 Americans are being held virtual prisoners by the loyalists for being unwilling to fight. The Friends of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade thereupon made public photostats of letters written not very long ago by the same witnesses, where in they expressed admiration for the morale of the American volunteers.

#### FALSE CHARGES

Additional testimony as to the falsity of the charges is furnished by the stories of the leading Spanish war correspondents in the American press which uniformly praise the Americans and make it inconceivable that any large number have to be forced to fight.

Nevertheless, the large amount of space which the newspapers gave to this testimony, and the small amount given to the answer, will probably have some effect, and some sympathy may be shifted from the loyalist cause. This, of course, is precisely what the testimony was meant to do.

The press, in general, has been very partial to the committee, giving an inordinate amount of space to disclosures of the most unimportant and long known information, especially when it would appear to hurt the CIO or New Deal officials. On the other hand, when the CIO released a statement to the press ridiculing Frey's charges, very little attention was paid to it.

The Washington Star, last Saturday, for example, printed many columns about testimony offered to the committee, and carried one sentence near the end to the effect that the CIO criticized evidence heard in earlier sessions. Some papers didn't even carry that much.

#### MATTHEWS

An interesting incident was the testimony of J. B. Matthews, who is remembered by Socialists as a former party member who continually defied party discipline by speaking at Communist run meetings. Matthews was the first director of the American League against War and Fascism. In 1934 he quit the Socialist Party and joined a Democratic club in New Jersey. Now a professional red baiter, he testified concerning the organizations with which he had once been connected.

Another example of the type of witness appearing before the

## Penny Socialist Confab

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Socialist Party of Pennsylvania is laying plans for a state convention to be held September 17-18 in New Kensington, it was announced by the State Action Committee. The convention will adopt a platform for the fall elections and will rally Socialist forces throughout the state for a vigorous campaign.

At the present time, there is a contest in the courts between the Socialist Party and the Socialist Labor Party over getting a place on the ballot. A successful campaign this spring obtained 16,094 signatures to the S. P.'s petition for the right to be on the state ballot.

#### A NEW ORGANIZER

The State Action Committee further announced the election of Bill Hollister as state organizer, and outlined a campaign tour during the month of October during which Jesse Holmes, candidate for Governor, and David Felix, candidate for U. S. Senator, would cover the state. Merle Bigenho of the Wilkesburg branch will aid with the organizational work of the campaign in western Pennsylvania.

There is to be a campaign in Pennsylvania this year whether or not the Party gets on the ballot. Leaflets will be issued, and every branch and local is making plans to carry on the campaign in its own district.

#### DIE-HARDS

Both the Republicans and Democrats have nominated die-hard conservatives to run for Governor—named James and Jones respectively! Or is it Jones and James? No one can remember. Nor still it make any difference after the election as far as Pennsylvania workers are concerned. Many workers are due to have their eyes opened in the next two months to the fact that the only workers candidates in the campaign are those of the Socialist Party.

committee was Walter Steele, editor of the National Republic magazine, and who, there is good reason to believe, is a member of the Silver Shirts, fascist organization. Steele represented the American Vigilante Intelligence Federation, a title which speaks for itself.

#### STAR BAITERS

Perhaps the most unethical witnesses to appear before the committee were Professor Edward I. Fenlon, of the Philosophy Department of Brooklyn College, and Professor Earl A. Martin, chairman of the Biology Department of that institution. These learned gentlemen, enjoying honored positions on the faculty of this publicly supported college, went out of their way to come down to Washington to indulge in some plain and fancy red-baiting at the College's expense.

Several days before the professors testified, George D. Riley, reactionary columnist for the Washington Herald, carried an inkling of this testimony. What he appeared to be chiefly enraged about was that Brooklyn College, supposedly in the grip of "un-American doctrine," had "landed" 89 appointments to minor government jobs as the result of One Civil Service examination.

#### Labor and Fraternal Greetings to the CALL

on This Second Important Workers' Holiday

Comradely,

Harry Wynn—Bob Tyler  
Gus Tyler—Anna Kopsky  
Harry Senior—Hyman Rivkin  
Boris Kostensky  
Harold Fleicher  
and Friends

LABOR DAY GREETINGS...  
Cutter's Socialist Branch  
LOCAL NEW YORK

GREETINGS TO "THE CALL"

• LOCAL SYRACUSE •

Forward to a Workers' World!

SOCIALIST PARTY  
OF ESSEX COUNTY

34 Park Place, Newark, N. J.

• BRANCH JAMAICA •

LOCAL NEW YORK

Extends Greetings to "THE CALL"

AGAINST FALSE POLITICAL ALLIANCES!

WE WISH A UNITED  
SOCIALIST PARTY  
IN THE U. S. A.

★

WORKMEN'S CIRCLE  
BRONX, N. Y.

THAT DEBS SHALL NOT  
HAVE DIED IN VAIN

Y.P.S.L.-6 SR. KINGS, N.Y.

167 Thompkins Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

Onward to a World of Peace and Plenty

FOR A SOCIALIST AMERICA!

PASSAIC BRANCH  
SOCIALIST PARTY OF NEW JERSEY

50-Howe Avenue, Passaic, N. J.

BEST GREETINGS  
LABOR DAY, 1938

Brooklyn and Queens Agitation Committee  
Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund